

Combined sixth and seventh periodic reports of States parties due in 2016

Ireland

[Date received: 16 September 2016]

ANNEX - statistics

Table 1: Female population by age group, 2006 and 2015

Age Group (female)	2006	2015	% change
0-14 years	421,405	504,400	16%
15-24 years	311,725	251,100	-24%
25-44 years	663,885	707,900	6%
45-64 years	460,831	556,900	17%
65+ years	260,831	325,400	20%
All ages	2,118,677	2,345,700	10%

Source: CSO, Census 2006 and Population and migration estimates April 2015

Table 2: Estimated population (thousand) by sex and nationality, 2015

Nationality	Female
Irish	2,047.8
Rest of EU	195.2
Rest of world	102.8
All nationalities	2,345.8

Source: CSO, Population and migration estimates April 2015.

Table 3: Birth rate and age of mother at maternity 2007-2015

Age of mother at maternity	Total births								
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
15 and under	69	44	45	47	36	27	27	23	42
16-19	2,436	2,358	2,204	1,996	1,654	1,589	1,354	1,230	1,145
20-24	8,919	9,283	8,844	8,087	7,321	6,890	6,404	6,016	5,732
25-29	16,590	17,876	18,231	17,816	16,693	15,308	13,960	13,199	12,403
30-34	24,409	25,431	25,406	26,091	26,764	26,028	25,378	24,850	23,856
35-39	15,851	16,913	17,336	17,484	17,726	17,819	17,813	18,064	18,527
40-44	2,978	3,077	3,293	3,459	3,658	3,792	3,766	3,829	3,978
45 and over	118	166	163	172	169	215	223	248	224
Age not stated	19	25	32	22	12	6	5	3	2
All ages	71,389	75,173	75,554	75,174	74,033	71,674	68,930	67,462	65,909
Birth Rate per 1,000 Population	16.3	16.8	16.7	16.5	16.2	15.8	15.0	14.6	14.2

Source: CSO, vital statistics

Table 4: Period Life Expectancy of Females at Various Ages (Years), 1996-2011

Age	1996	2002	2006	2011
	Birth	78.5	80.3	81.6	82.8
5 years	74.1	75.7	76.9	78.1
10 years	69.1	70.8	72	73.1
15 years	64.2	65.8	67	68.1
20 years	59.3	60.9	62.1	63.2
25 years	54.4	56	57.2	58.3
35 years	44.6	46.2	47.4	48.4
45 years	35	36.6	37.7	38.8
55 years	25.8	27.4	28.5	29.5
65 years	17.4	18.7	19.8	20.6
75 years	10.4	11.2	12.1	12.7

Source: CSO Vital Statistics

Note: Figures are calculated based on a three-year period centred on the given year.

Table 5: Female deaths registered classified by cause and age group, 2015

Cause of death	Total females	Age Group						
		0-1	1-14	15-24	25-44	45-64	65-74	75+
All Female Deaths	14,802	90	34	46	343	1,649	2,076	10,564
Diseases of the Circulatory System	4,595	0	1	3	44	242	427	3,878
Neoplasms	4,242	0	9	8	137	981	1,040	2,067
Diseases of the Respiratory system	1,987	0	2	1	9	89	227	1,659
Mental and behavioural disorders	990	0	0	1	1	14	38	936
Diseases of the nervous system and the sense organs	868	0	9	1	16	66	120	656
Diseases of the Digestive system	446	0	0	0	19	80	53	294
External causes of injury and poisoning	419	0	5	28	90	102	45	149
Endocrine, Nutritional and metabolic diseases	333	2	2	2	7	30	34	256
Diseases of the genitourinary system	329	0	0	0	4	7	25	293
Infectious and parasitic diseases	190	1	1	1	2	12	23	150
Diseases of the musculoskeletal system/connective tissue	150	1	0	0	3	5	21	120
Congenital malformations and chromosomal abnormalities	73	44	5	0	4	9	6	5

Diseases of the blood and blood-forming organs, immunological disorders	52	0	0	0	3	9	9	31
Symptoms, signs, abnormal findings, ill-defined causes	49	2	0	1	3	1	5	37
Diseases of the skin and subcutaneous tissue	39	1	0	0	0	2	3	33
Certain conditions originating in the perinatal period*	39	39	0	0	0	0	0	0
Complications of pregnancy, childbirth and puerperium	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0

Source: CSO Vital Statistics.

*: stillbirths not included.

Table 6: Average incidence and mortality rates of cancer of females, 2011-2013

All invasive cancers*	Females
Number of new cases per year	9,506
Incidence rate (cases per 100,000 per year)	384
Cumulative lifetime risk of diagnosis (to age 74)	26.40%
Number of deaths per year	4,260
Mortality rate (deaths per 100,000 per year)	152.7
Cumulative lifetime risk of death (to age 74)	10.30%
Number of people with this cancer* still alive in 2013	63,240
Number alive per 100,000	2,727

Source: National Cancer Registry Ireland

* invasive cancers excluding non-melanoma skin cancer

Table 7: Participation in full-time education

TYPE OF INSTITUTION ATTENDED	MALE	FEMALE	TOTAL
FIRST LEVEL			
Aided by the Department of Education and Skills			
National Schools	279,611	265,085	544,696
Pupils in Mainstream Classes	271,348	261,583	532,931
Pupils in Special Schools	5,285	2,664	7,949
Pupils with special needs in Mainstream National Schools	2,978	838	3,816
Non-Aided Primary Schools	1,715	2,131	3,846
TOTAL - First Level	281,326	267,216	548,542
of which aided by Department of Education & Skills	279,611	265,085	544,696
SECOND LEVEL			
Aided by the Department of Education & Skills			
Junior Cycle	93,238	90,489	183,727
Secondary	48,417	52,765	101,182

Vocational	28,374	23,279	51,653
Community and Comprehensive	16,447	14,445	30,892
*Senior Cycle	77,941	77,539	155,480
Secondary	42,022	47,383	89,405
Vocational	21,992	17,967	39,959
Community and Comprehensive	13,927	12,189	26,116
Post-Leaving Certificate (PLC)	13,540	19,549	33,089
Secondary	141	416	557
Vocational	13,042	18,424	31,466
Community and Comprehensive	357	709	1,066
Aided by other Departments (Agriculture/Defence)	1,099	63	1,162
Non-Aided/Commercial	1,323	1,508	2,831
TOTAL - Second Level	187,141	189,148	376,289
of which aided by Department of Education & Skills	184,719	187,577	372,296
THIRD LEVEL			
Aided by the Department of Education & Skills			
University Sector	44,266	50,854	95,120
Technology Sector	38,100	30,224	68,324
Teacher Education Colleges	1,637	5,316	6,953
Other Third Level Institutions aided by the Department of Education and Skills †	1,736	1,516	3,252
Aided by Other Departments (Justice, Defence)	22	4	26
Non-Aided Third Level institutions			
Religious Institutions	41	100	141
Royal College of Surgeons in Ireland	1,224	1,308	2,532
Other non-aided third-level institutions	3,267	3,008	6,275
TOTAL - Third Level	90,293	92,330	182,623
of which aided by Department of Education & Skills	85,739	87,910	173,649
GRAND TOTAL	558,760	548,694	1,107,454
of which aided by Department of Education & Skills	550,069	540,572	1,090,641

Source: Department of Education and Skills

Table 8: Early school leavers (persons who left school with at most lower secondary education), as % of population aged 18-24, 2008-2015

Gender	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Male	14.5%	14.7%	13.4%	12.8%	11.2%	9.8%	8.0%	8.4%
Female	8.0%	8.6%	9.6%	8.8%	8.2%	6.9%	5.7%	5.4%

Source: Eurostat LFS

Table 9: Students taking selected subjects of the Leaving Certificate Programme by gender, 2014/2015

Subject Code	Subject	All students taking subject			Female students taking subject	
		Male students	Female students	All Students	as % of all students taking subject	as % of all female students
1	Irish	51,170	51,412	102,582	50%	91%

2	English	55,251	54,614	109,865	50%	97%
3	Mathematics	55,207	54,637	109,844	50%	97%
20	Applied Mathematics	2,391	842	3,233	26%	1%
21	Physics	12,498	4,548	17,046	27%	8%
22	Chemistry	9,158	10,657	19,815	54%	19%
23	Physics & Chemistry	707	457	1,164	39%	1%
25	Biology	28,424	41,287	69,711	59%	73%
27	Engineering	11,191	1,024	12,215	8%	2%
29	Construction Studies	16,991	2,034	19,025	11%	4%
98	Home Economics S&S (New Syllabus)	3,634	22,273	25,907	86%	39%
109	Choir	447	2,905	3,352	87%	5%
214	Physical Education	37,543	39,413	76,956	51%	70%
All students in LC, LCA, LCV programmes		57,697	56,531	114,228		

Source: Department of Education & Skills, Statistical Report 2014/2015

Table 10: Female full-time undergraduate new entrants in all HEA-funded institutions by field of study (ISCED) at 1 March 2015

Field of Study (ISCED)	Universities	Colleges	Institutes of Technology	Total Female New Entrants	% of all females
Generic programmes and qualifications	54	-	161	215	1.0%
Education	234	955	45	1,234	5.8%
Services	23	-	1,341	1,364	6.4%
Arts and humanities	3,266	517	1,104	4,887	23.1%
Social sciences, journalism and information	1,141	-	199	1,340	6.3%
Business, administration and law	1,925	-	1,708	3,633	17.1%
Natural sciences, mathematics and statistics	1,516	-	854	2,370	11.2%
Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs)	176	-	279	455	2.1%
Engineering, manufacturing and construction	386	-	288	674	3.2%
Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and veterinary	193		129	322	1.5%

Health and welfare	2,295	223	2,189	4,707	22.2%
Grand Total	11,209	1,695	8,297	21,201	
Distribution of females	52.9%	8.0%	39.1%		

Source: Higher Education Authority (HEA) Annual Statistical Returns 2014/2015

Table 11: Female full-time, part-time and remote enrolments in Universities, Colleges and Institutes of Technology in the academic year 2014/2015

All Female Enrolments	Universities	Colleges	Institutes of Technology	Total	%F
FETAC Certificate			17	17	11.6%
FETAC Adv. Certificate			200	200	7.5%
FETAC Total			217	217	7.7%
Foundation (Undergraduate)	194		93	287	48.0%
Access (Undergraduate)	29	8	24	61	44.2%
Honours Bachelor Degrees	40,159	6,047	19,764	65,970	52.5%
Ordinary Degrees			9,264	9,264	36.3%
Diplomas	1,835	31	91	1,957	58.3%
Certificates	1,255	190	3,354	4,799	46.1%
Occasional	2,624	10	1,484	4,118	53.5%
Professional Training	28	46	869	943	42.2%
Undergraduate Total	46,124	6,332	34,943	87,399	49.8%
Diplomas	2,439	629	660	3,728	58.6%
Certificates	767	644	79	1,490	65.4%
Occasional	521		83	604	72.2%
Professional Training	74	276	115	465	57.3%
Ph. D.	3,651	172	277	4,100	50.3%
Masters (Research)	351	63	279	693	47.9%
Masters (Taught)	7,408	1,065	1,754	10,227	53.1%
Postgraduate Total	15,211	2,849	3,247	21,307	54.4%
Grand Total	61,335	9,181	38,407	108,923	50.1%

Source: HEA Annual Statistical Returns 2014/2015

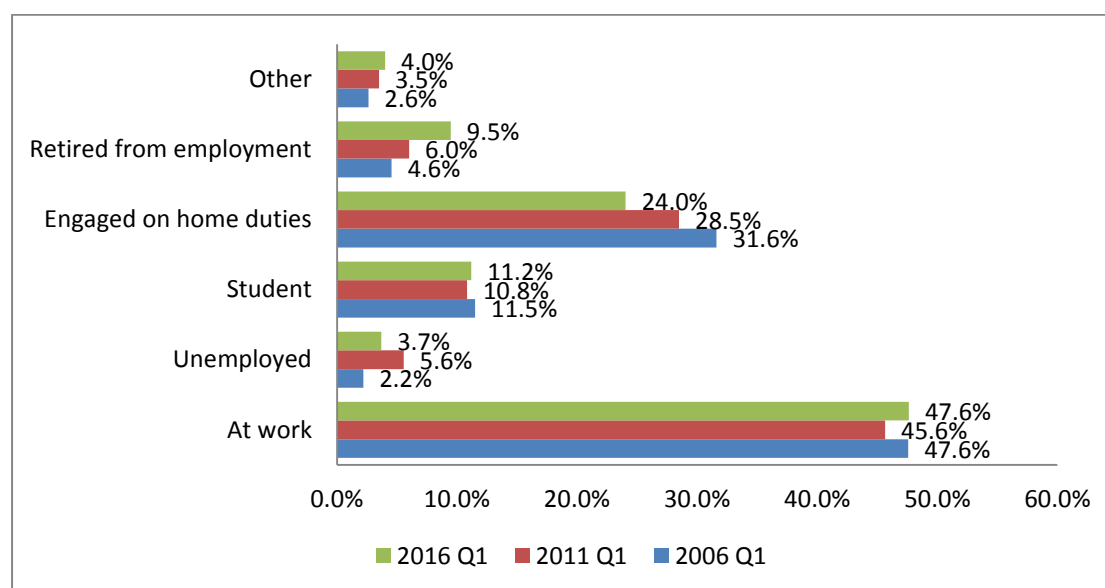
Table 12: Female Graduates of fulltime undergraduate programmes by field of study, 2015

Field of Study (ISCED)	Total	% of all females
Generic programmes and qualifications	285	1.2%
Education	1,572	6.5%
Services	1,328	5.5%
Arts and humanities	4,282	17.7%
Social sciences, journalism and information	1,780	7.3%
Business, administration and law	5,316	21.9%

Natural sciences, mathematics and statistics	2,095	8.6%
Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs)	423	1.7%
Engineering, manufacturing and construction	773	3.2%
Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and veterinary	358	1.5%
Health and welfare	6,028	24.9%
Grand Total	24,240	

Source: HEA Annual Statistical Returns 2014/2015

Graph 13: Principal Economic Status of Females aged 15 years and over, Q1 2006, 2011 and 2016



Source: CSO QNHS, Statbank

Table 14: ILO participation and unemployment rates (%), seasonally adjusted, Q1 2006, 2011 and 2016

Gender	Period	ILO Participation Rates (15+ years)	ILO Unemployment Rates (15-74 years)
Female	2006 Q1	52.7	4.3
	2011 Q1	52.7	10.5
	2016 Q1	52.9	6.5
Male	2006 Q1	73.3	4.6
	2011 Q1	68.0	17.6
	2016 Q1	67.4	9.9

Source: CSO QNHS, Statbank

Table 15: ILO participation Rates (%) of women, by marital status and age group, Q1 2016

Age group	Marital Status				
	Single - never married	Married	Separated or divorced	Widowed	All marital status
15 - 19 years (*)	13.5	..	..	..	13.4

20 - 24 years (*)	55.3	..	..	..	55.0
25 - 34 years (*)	79.4	71.8	69.6	..	76.5
35 - 44 years (*)	75.3	73.4	68.5	..	73.7
45 - 54 years	73.3	69.1	66.8	55.2	69.2
55 - 59 years	57.8	62.6	64.0	60.8	62.1
60 - 64 years	37.5	39.1	46.9	33.7	39.2
65 years and over	4.3	6.7	8.3	3.8	5.5
<i>15 years and over</i>	<i>56.2</i>	<i>56.0</i>	<i>54.9</i>	<i>12.7</i>	<i>52.4</i>

Source: CSO QNHS, Statbank

* excludes population estimates of less than 1,000.

Table 16: Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (thousand) by sex and economic sector, Q1 2016

Economic sector	Male	Female	All persons	% of males	% of females
Agriculture, forestry and fishing (A)	96.6	12.7	109.3	9.0%	1.4%
Industry (B to E)	178.9	71.1	250.0	16.7%	7.8%
Construction (F)	123.3	8.0	131.3	11.5%	0.9%
Wholesale and retail trade, repair of motor vehicles and motorcycles (G)	140.6	131.9	272.5	13.2%	14.5%
Transportation and storage (H)	79.0	16.0	95.0	7.4%	1.8%
Accommodation and food service activities (I)	67.0	75.5	142.4	6.3%	8.3%
Information and communication (J)	60.2	25.1	85.2	5.6%	2.8%
Financial, insurance and real estate activities (K,L)	46.5	54.2	100.7	4.4%	6.0%
Professional, scientific and technical activities (M)	64.5	45.8	110.3	6.0%	5.0%
Administrative and support service activities (N)	35.7	32.5	68.2	3.3%	3.6%
Public administration and defence, compulsory social security (O)	49.8	48.8	98.5	4.7%	5.4%
Education (P)	37.5	116.4	153.9	3.5%	12.8%
Human health and social work activities (Q)	46.0	202.6	248.7	4.3%	22.3%
Other activities (R to U)	40.1	63.9	104.1	3.8%	7.0%
Not stated(*)			6.3		
All economic sectors	1,068.4	908.1	1,976.5		

Source: CSO QNHS, Statbank

Note: (*) excludes population estimates of less than 1,000.

Table 17: Persons aged 15 years and over in employment (thousand) by sex and usual hours worked, Q1 2016

Usual hours worked	Male	Female	All persons	% of all males	% of all females
1-9 hours	11.6	25.8	37.4	1.1%	2.8%
10-19 hours	38.6	93.9	132.6	3.6%	10.3%
20-29 hours	65.8	186	251.8	6.2%	20.5%
30-34 hours	27.1	80.5	107.6	2.5%	8.9%
35-39 hours	281.5	271.4	552.9	26.3%	29.9%
40-44 hours	320.8	153.6	474.4	30.0%	16.9%
45 hours and over	195.3	42.4	237.7	18.3%	4.7%
Variable hours	127.7	54.5	182.2	12.0%	6.0%
Usual hours worked	..	..	..
All hours worked	1068.4	908.1	1976.6		

Source: CSO QNHS, Statbank

Table 18: Formal child care by duration and age group

Age Group	Type of formal childcare*	% of all children in the same age group							
		2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Less than 3 years	no formal childcare	77	76	80	71	79	69	72	73
	childcare from 1-29 hrs weekly	13	16	15	21	10	21	19	19
	childcare 30hrs or more weekly	11	8	5	8	11	10	10	9
Between 3 years and compulsory school age	no formal childcare	14	15	13	10	18	11	10	11
	childcare from 1-29 hrs weekly	71	72	74	73	68	74	68	66
	childcare 30hrs or more weekly	15	13	13	17	14	15	21	23

Source: Eurostat

* Includes education at pre-school, education at compulsory school, childcare at centre-based services outside school hours and childcare at day-care centre, and excludes direct care by childminders.

Table 19: Gender Pay Gap¹

	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Ireland	17.2	17.3	12.6	12.6	13.9	11.7	14.4
EU Average	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	16.1	16.5	16.6

Source: Eurostat, EU SES

Table 20: Females in employment (ILO) aged 20-69 years classified by main expected source of income on retirement, Q4 2009 and Q4 2015

Main expected source of income on retirement (%)	Q4 2009	Q4 2015
State social welfare pension	27.8	36.1
Occupational or personal pension	36.8	39.1
Spouse or partner's occupational or personal pension	9.7	9.3
Savings or investments, sale of business, farm or other property	4.7	4.6
Other	0.5	1.9
Don't know	20.5	8.9

Source: CSO, QNHS Pension Provision Module Q4 2015

Table 21: Cases referred and decisions issued on the gender ground by the Equality Tribunal/WRC

EE= employment equality; ESA=: Equal Status Act

Referred		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Gender	EE & Pension	88	75	79	79	95	43	64	62	77	52	714
	ESA	12	7	6	4	5	5	6	3	9	4	61
	Total	100	82	85	83	100	48	70	65	86	56	775
All grounds	EE & Pension	408	462	667	842	780	714	517	538	570	607	6,105
	ESA	223	166	185	154	126	107	154	133	124	158	1,530
	Total	631	628	852	996	906	821	671	671	694	765	7,635

Decisions issued		2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	Total
Gender	EE & Pension	18	26	27	31	13	11	17	12	70	37	262
	ESA	1	4	2	5	4	1	0	1	9	5	32
	Total	19	30	29	36	17	0	0	0	79	42	294
All grounds	EE & Pension	62	63	77	76	125	266	267	202	203	102	1,443

¹ The EU unadjusted gender pay gap published by Eurostat represents the difference between average gross hourly earnings of male paid employees and of female paid employees as a percentage of average gross hourly earnings of male paid employees. It is based on the population of all paid employees in enterprises with 10 employees or more in all economic sectors with the exception of agriculture, forestry and fishing, public administration and defence, activities of households as employers and activities of extraterritorial organisations and bodies.

	ESA	82	94	94	123	87	56	67	46	19	29	697
	Total	144	157	171	199	212	322	334	248	222	131	2,140

Source: WRC..

Table 22: Poverty indicators 2010-2014 by gender

Indicator	Cohort	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Consistent poverty	National rate	6.3%	6.9%	7.7%	8.2%	8.0%
	Male	5.8%	6.9%	7.8%	8.0%	7.8%
	Female	6.8%	6.9%	7.6%	8.5%	8.3%
Basic deprivation	National rate	22.6%	24.5%	26.9%	30.5%	29.0%
	Male	21.7%	23.0%	26.4%	29.6%	27.9%
	Female	23.5%	26.0%	27.4%	31.4%	30.1%
At-risk-of-poverty	National rate	14.7%	16.0%	16.5%	15.2%	16.3%
	Male	14.3%	16.3%	16.3%	15.1%	16.0%
	Female	15.1%	15.6%	16.7%	15.4%	16.5%

Source: CSO SILC, various years

Table 23: Election of women to Dáil Éireann, 1997-2016

Year	Candidates		Elected	
	No. Women	% of total	No. Women	% of total
1997	97	20.0%	20	12.0%
2002	84	18.1%	22	13.3%
2007	82	17.4%	23	13.8%
2011	86	15.2%	25	14.8%
2016	163	29.6%	35	22.2%

Source: Oireachtas

Table 24: Women elected or nominated to Seanad Éireann, 1997-2016

Year	Nominated by Taoiseach	Elected			% of total
		Panels	Universities	No. Women	
1997	3	7	1	11	18.3%
2002	2	7	1	10	16.7%
2007	4	8	1	13	21.7%
2011	8	10	1	19	31.7%
2016	4	11	3	18	30.0%

Source: Oireachtas

Table 25: Women in Civil Service employment by grade, 2014

Grade	Total staff	Women (% of total)
Secretaries General, Second Secretaries and Deputy Secretaries	264	24%
Assistant Secretaries and equivalents		25%
Principal Officer and equivalents	1,189	35%
Assistant Principal and equivalents	3,424	43%
Higher Executive Officers, Administrative Officers and equivalents	6,217	52%
Executive Officers and equivalents	5,769	59%
Staff Officers and equivalents	1,552	76%
Clerical Officers and equivalents	11,632	74%
Other Grades	5,385	38%
All Grades	35,432	60%

Source: Department of Public Expenditure and Reform

Table 26: Female membership of the judiciary, April 2016

Court	No. of Female Judges	% of total
Supreme Court	4 (of 9)	44%
Court of Appeal	2 (of 9)	22%
High Court	10 (of 38)	26%
Circuit Court	19 (of 44)	43%
District Court	19 (of 61)	31%
All Courts	54	34%

Source: Courts Service

Table 27: Membership of An Garda Síochána by rank and gender, 2015

Rank	No. of Female Officers	% of total
Commissioner	1	100%
Deputy Commissioner	0	0%
Assistant Commissioner	0	0%
Chief Superintendent	5	11%
Superintendent	14	9%
Inspector	28	11%
Sergeant	308	17%
Gardaí	2,976	28%
All ranks	3,332	26%

Source: Department of Justice and Equality

Table 28: Female diplomatic staff in the Department of Foreign Affairs, 2002 and 2016

Grade	2002		2016	
	No. Female	% of total	No. Female	% of total
Secretary General	0	0.0%	0	0.0%
Second Secretary General & Ambassador Grade I	0	0.0%	1	25.0%
Deputy Secretary & Ambassador Grade II	1	20.0%	1	33.3%
Assistant Secretary & Ambassador	4	11.1%	3	13.6%
Counsellor	13	19.1%	23	34.8%

Source: Department of Foreign Affairs

Table 29: Sexual Offences recorded by An Garda Síochána 2005-2015

Year	All Sexual offences	Rape of a male or female	Defilement of a boy or girl less than 17 years old	Sexual offence involving mentally impaired person	Aggravated sexual assault	Sexual assault (not aggravated)	Other sexual offences
2005	1,801	451	119	13	7	1,156	55
2006	1,415	371	72	15	16	886	55
2007	1,366	357	72	12	17	809	99
2008	1,406	348	76	7	13	890	72
2009	1,480	376	104	8	8	894	90
2010	2,366	478	157	16	7	1,531	177
2011	2,014	463	148	13	10	1,205	175
2012	2,116	519	137	25	7	1,289	139
2013	2,010	451	93	10	10	1,320	126
2014	2,053	476	140	12	5	1,268	152
2015	2,361	536	132	22	10	1,447	214

Source: CSO, Statbank:

Table 30: Breach of Domestic Violence Order recorded by An Garda Síochána 2005-2014

Year	All	Breach of Interim Barring Order	Breach of Protection Order	Breach of Barring Order	Breach of Safety Order
2005	1,213	55	380	443	335
2006	1,190	38	338	508	306
2007	1,235	38	398	428	371
2008	1,302	29	428	436	409
2009	1,261	48	403	417	393
2010	1,196	38	381	367	410
2011	1,094	30	351	349	364
2012	1,327	36	402	360	529
2013	1,459	41	451	358	609
2014	1,728	54	559	428	687

Source: Cosc

Table 31: Report on outcomes for Domestic Violence for 2005-2015²

Order	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
Community Service Order	4	3	2	3	4	5	5	11	14	15	14
Dismiss	94	108	105	92	112	91	85	78	128	137	156
Dismiss - Probation Act ³	66	92	93	99	86	88	71	67	91	77	92
Disqualification		1	1				1				
Fine	48	60	64	73	75	71	66	65	59	55	74
Imprisonment	56	79	93	82	96	58	57	59	68	87	80
Imprisonment – part-suspended	2	3	4	1	3	5	3	6	4	6	6
Imprisonment - suspended	83	96	98	115	130	119	95	112	102	115	120
Imprisonment in absence	1	1			2	2	3	1			
No Order	20	17	22	25	17	25	15	12	17	18	16
OTHER	6	1	3	2	2					1	3
Peace Bond	32	57	76	87	68	70	38	21	33	39	14
Poor Box payment	3				1		1	1	2	3	1
Probation Order	46	61	44	47	38	35	35	28	41	40	62
Strike out ⁴	457	403	420	428	402	418	416	453	415	516	602
Strike out - not served ⁵	10	16	16	12	25	10	20	15	14	27	26
Taken into consideration ⁶	41	55	51	49	43	42	59	55	44	77	115
Sent forward				1	1	2			1		

² Note: If an offence received more than one order it appears more than once on report

³ This is this means that the guilt of the accused is established but there is no formal conviction.

⁴ This means that the case did not go ahead for some reason.

⁵ This is where the case is listed for a date but the Gardaí failed to tell the accused about it so the Gardaí ask that the case be struck out and they can decide to prosecute on another date if they wish.

⁶ This is usually where several charges are before the court. Often a judge sentences or fines a person on one of the charges only but takes the others into consideration. It means that they cannot be sentenced again on those charges.

for trial											
Withdrawn	78	70	98	109	101	96	75	75	103	131	151
Total	1,047	1,123	1,190	1,225	1,206	1,137	1,045	1,059	1,136	1,344	1,532

Source: Courts Service

Table 32: Human Trafficking statistics 2009-2015

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
No. of persons against whom prosecution was commenced for trafficking in persons	6	5	7	15	16	14	17
No. of persons convicted of trafficking in persons	1	5	4	6	10	9	12
No. of persons identified by State authorities as victims of trafficking in persons	66	78	57	48	44	46	78

Source: AHTU

Table 33: HEA universities, gender staffing information 2014

	UCD		UCC		NUIG		NUIM	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Professor	81%	19%	84%	16%	86%	14%	77%	23%
Associate Professor	72%	28%	76%	24%	90%	10%	83%	17%
Senior Lecturer	62%	38%	68%	32%	70%	30%	67%	33%
Lecturer	47%	53%	49%	51%	47%	53%	55%	45%
Proportion of Senior Academic Staff	70%	30%	73%	27%	79%	21%	72%	28%

	TCD		UL		DCU*		All Universities	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Professor	84%	16%	69%	31%	83%	17%	81%	19%
Associate Professor	56%	44%	83%	17%	74%	26%	74%	26%
Senior Lecturer	64%	36%	61%	39%	67%	33%	65%	35%
Lecturer	49%	51%	51%	49%	47%	53%	49%	51%
Proportion of Senior Academic Staff	68%	32%	67%	33%	72%	28%	71%	29%

*DCU does not gather gender headcount information - the above is based on an approximation of headcount totals

Source: HEA, <http://www.heai.ie/en/statistics/gender-staffing-information>

Table 34: HEA colleges, gender staffing information 2014

	SPD		Mater Dei		MIC		NCAD		St Angela's	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Principal Lecturer	50%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%

Senior Lecturer	43%	57%	0%	0%	53%	47%	64%	36%	33%	67%
Lecturer	23%	77%	79%	21%	39%	61%	46%	54%	17%	83%
	All Colleges									
	Male	Female								
Principal Lecturer	0%	0%								
Senior Lecturer	51%	49%								
Lecturer	33%	67%								

Source: HEA

Table 35: HEA institutes of technology, gender staffing information 2014

	AIT		ITB		ITC		CIT	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer 3	100%	0%	0%	0%	67%	33%	73%	27%
Senior Lecturer 2	100%	0%	0%	0%	71%	29%	66%	34%
Senior Lecturer 1	75%	25%	60%	40%	75%	25%	93%	7%
Lecturer 2	75%	25%	0%	0%	75%	25%	100%	0%
Lecturer 1	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	100%
Lecturer	58%	42%	77%	23%	52%	48%	58%	42%
Proportion of Senior Academic Staff	93%	7%	60%	40%	71%	29%	75%	25%

	DIT		DKIT		IADT		GMIT	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer 3	73%	27%	50%	50%	50%	50%	60%	40%
Senior Lecturer 2	63%	37%	69%	31%	50%	50%	43%	57%
Senior Lecturer 1	75%	25%	80%	20%	50%	50%	88%	13%
Lecturer 2	74%	26%	80%	20%	50%	50%	67%	33%
Lecturer 1	100%	0%	0%	100%	50%	50%	0%	0%
Lecturer	61%	39%	55%	45%	51%	49%	50%	50%
Proportion of Senior Academic Staff	68%	32%	70%	30%	50%	50%	65%	35%

	LYIT		LIT		ITS		ITTD	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer 3	75%	25%	67%	33%	100%	0%	100%	0%
Senior Lecturer 2	38%	63%	55%	45%	80%	20%	75%	25%
Senior Lecturer 1	50%	50%	67%	33%	78%	22%	50%	50%
Lecturer 2	50%	50%	88%	13%	67%	33%	64%	36%
Lecturer 1	20%	80%	100%	0%	0%	0%	50%	50%
Lecturer	52%	48%	63%	37%	55%	45%	59%	41%
Proportion of Senior Academic Staff	50%	50%	63%	38%	82%	18%	67%	33%

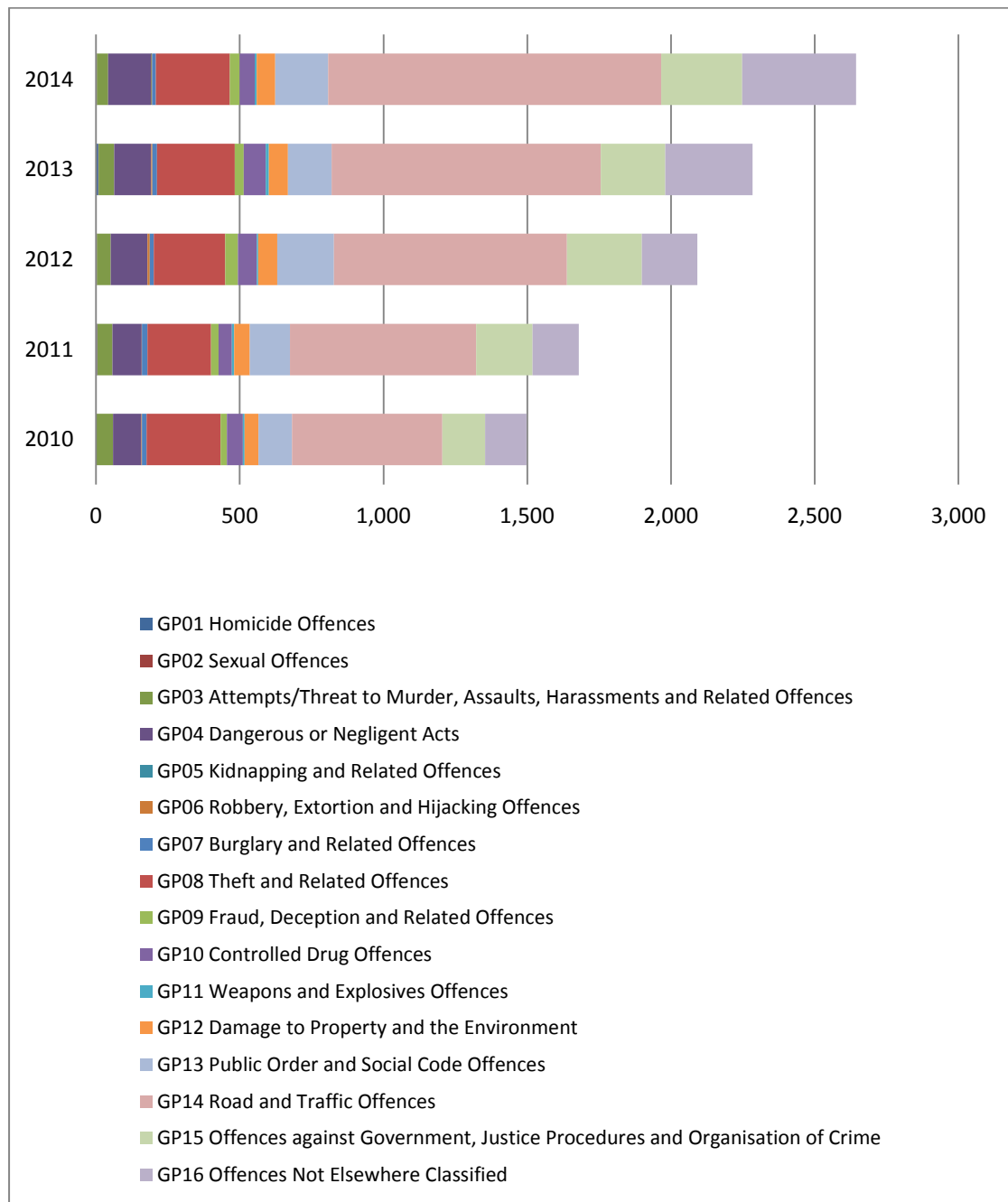
	ITTra		WIT		Tipp Inst	
	Male	Female	Male	Female	Male	Female
Senior Lecturer 3	100%	0%	100%	0%	100%	0%
Senior Lecturer 2	43%	57%	62%	38%	100%	0%
Senior Lecturer 1	67%	33%	63%	38%	0%	100%
Lecturer 2	0%	0%	83%	17%	0%	0%
Lecturer 1	0%	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Lecturer	46%	54%	50%	50%	47%	53%
Proportion of Senior Academic Staff	62%	38%	71%	29%	75%	25%

Table 36: Sentenced female population classified by offence group description, as of 30 April 2016

Offence Group Description	Dóchas Centre	Limerick Prison	Total
GP08 Theft and Related Offences	29	14	43
GP01 Homicide Offences	14	1	15
GP03 Attempts/Threat to Murder, Assaults, Harassments and Related Offences	11	2	13
GP07 Burglary and Related Offences	8	4	12
GP10 Controlled Drug Offences	5	0	5
GP04 Dangerous or Negligent Acts	3	1	4
GP11 Weapons and Explosives Offences	4	0	4
GP14 Road and Traffic Offences	2	2	4
GP05 Kidnapping and Related Offences	0	2	2
GP06 Robbery, Extortion and Hijacking Offences	2	0	2
GP12 Damage to Property and the Environment	2	0	2
GP13 Public Order and Social Code Offences	2	0	2
GP02 Sexual Offences	1	0	1
GP09 Fraud, Deception and Related Offences	0	1	1
GP15 Offences against Government, Justice Procedures and Organisation of Crime	1	0	1
GP16 Offences Not Elsewhere Classified	0	0	0
Total	84	27	111

Irish Prison Service

Graph 37: Offence groups of sentenced committals of females by year, 2010-2014



Irish Prison Service