

Appendix A: Abbreviations

ACC: Accident Compensation Corporation

BPAG: Bullying Prevention Advisory Group

BPS: Better Public Service Results

CPIT: Christchurch Polytechnic Institute of Technology

DHB: District Health Board

ECE: Early Childhood Education

ECT: Electroconvulsive Therapy

EPA: Equal Pay Act 1972

GWN: Government Women's Network

HRC: Human Rights Commission

HRRT: Human Rights Review Tribunal

ICT: Information Communications Technology

ISSC: Integrated Services for Sensitive Claims

LGBTI: Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender and Intersex

LMC: Lead Maternity Carer

MBIE: Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment

MFAT: Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Trade

MfW: Ministry for Women

MMP: Mixed Member Proportional

MOE: Ministry of Education

MOH: Ministry of Health

MOJ: Ministry of Justice

MP: Member of Parliament

MPP: Ministry of Pacific Peoples

MSD: Ministry of Social Development

NCEA: National Certificate of Educational Achievement

NEET: Not in Employment, Education, or Training

NPAP: National Policy and Action Plan for the Women of Tokelau

NZCASS: New Zealand Crime and Safety Survey

NZDF: New Zealand Defence Force

NZOC: New Zealand Olympic Committee

OEC: Office of Ethnic Communities

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

PRA: Prostitution Reform Act 2003

SDGs: Sustainable Development Goals

SSC: State Services Commission

STEM: Science, Technology, Engineering and Mathematics

STI: Sexually Transmitted Infections

TNSP: Tokelau National Strategic Plan

UPR: Universal Periodic Review

WHO: World Health Organization

Appendix B: Glossary

Benefit: a non-repayable grant paid by the state to individuals, usually at regular intervals, to provide them with financial support

Census: a five-yearly survey of every individual and every household in New Zealand collecting a range of demographic and indicator data

Ethnic communities: any segment of the population within New Zealand society with cultural values, customs, beliefs, languages, traditions and characteristics that differ from the wider society (of Pākehā/NZ European, Māori and Pacific Peoples)

Hui: meeting

Iwi: large tribe made up of sub-tribes, or a group of people

Kura: school

Kaiako: teacher

Marae: a traditional Māori tribal meeting place, originally one in the open air, now frequently a purpose-built building

Ora: fit, healthy or well

Te Marautanga o Aotearoa: the partner document of *The New Zealand Curriculum*; it is not a translation of *The New Zealand Curriculum* and was developed based on Māori philosophies and principles

Wāhi tapu: sacred place

Whānau: family or smaller group of related people