THE FORMER YUGOSLAV REPUBLIC OF MACEDONIA

C. Principal subjects concerns and recommendations

6. The Committee, while noting the current legislative efforts to strengthen the independence of the Public Prosecution Office, is concerned at its inadequate functioning, in particular when it comes to promptly investigate allegations of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment. This concern has also been articulated in various decisions of the European Court of Human Rights.

The State party should ensure the independence and the effective functioning of the Public Prosecution Office as to ensure, inter alia, that allegations of torture and cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment are promptly and impartially investigated and, if appropriate, prosecuted and sanctioned. To this end, the State party should swiftly complete the reform process aimed at strengthening the Office’s independence and effectiveness.

8. The Committee is concerned at the inadequate functioning of the system for processing and determining asylum claims, especially with respect to those claims channeled through the so-called “accelerated procedure”.

The State party should ensure that a thorough review of each individual case is provided for asylum claims. In this respect, the State party should ensure that effective remedies are available to challenge the decision not to grant asylum, especially when the claim is channeled through an accelerated procedure. Such remedies should have in any case the effect of suspending the execution of the above decision, i.e. the expulsion or deportation.

13. The Committee takes note of the information received by the State party with
respect to the developments on the investigations and prosecution of the cases of enforced disappearances occurred during the conflict in 2001.

The Committee recommends that the State party complete a thorough investigation of the above-mentioned cases of disappearances, including those related to the four cases referred back to the State party from the International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia, and prosecute and punish the perpetrators of this crime. The State party should make the results of these investigations public as well as provide information in this respect to the Committee (arts. 6, 7, 8, 9, 12 and 13).

(…)

20. The Committee notes with concern reports of intolerance and hatred towards ethnic minorities, especially Roma. In this respect, the Committee is concerned about information showing that instances of ill-treatment by law enforcement officials, especially the police, often involve persons belonging to ethnic minorities.

The Committee recalls that the protection of certain minorities or marginalized individuals or populations especially at risk of torture is a part of the obligation to prevent torture or ill-treatment. In this respect, the State party should strengthen its efforts to combat ill-treatment of and discrimination against persons belonging to ethnic minorities, in particular Roma, including by ensuring that the relevant existing legal and administrative measures are strictly observed and that training curricula and information campaign constantly communicate the message that discrimination and violence will not be tolerated and will be sanctioned accordingly.

(…)

27. The Committee requests the State party to provide, within one year, information on response to the Committee’s recommendations contained in paragraphs 6, 8, 13 and 20 above.

(…)

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